# A comparison of data-driven and numerical weather forecasting models on weather extremes

# **Grid-point level comparisons**

- We evaluate the performance of Pangu-Weather, GraphCast and IFS HRES on near-surface hot, cold and windy extremes globally using the operational forecasts for 2020 provided by the WeatherBench 2 (Rasp et al., 2024).
- ▶ The extremes are defined as the 5% most extreme events for 2020 at each grid-point, based on ERA 5.

We compute the grid-point level RMSE based on all data-points and on extreme events only, using ERA5 as ground-truth. We compare IFS HRES to the best DL model.



**Tail calibration** 

### **Regional comparisons**

## We evaluate the tail calibration for regional and global extremes.

### We repeat the analysis above at the regional level.

### Hot extremes



### Windspeed extremes



### **2m temperature** Northern Hemisphere Southern Hemisphere Tropics Extra-Tropics Arctic Antarctic Europe North America North Atlantic North Pacific East Asia AusNZ Globa 3 days 1 day 5 days



### Cold extremes Northern Hemisphere Southern Hemisphere Tropics Extra-Tropics Arctic Antarctic Europe North America North Atlantic North Pacific East Asia AusNZ Global 1 day 3 days 5 days 7 days10 days



### Wind extremes

1 day	3 days	5 days	7 days	10 days
	1 day	1 day 3 days	1 day 3 days 5 days	1 day 3 days 5 days 7 days

### QQ-plot 10% most extreme events, 5-days forecast vs ERA5

Best model in terms of RMSE. The extremes are defined as the 5% grid-point level most extreme events within the given region.

### Main conclusions

Data-driven models perform best:

- for 1-3 days forecasts
- in the Tropics
- for temperature extremes on the west side of ocean basins

Data-driven models perform worse:

- ▶ for 7-10 days forecasts  $\rightarrow$  due to blurring?
- at higher latitudes  $\rightarrow$  due to use of latitude-based weights?
- for windspeed extremes  $\rightarrow$  due to separate training of u-and v-wind?
- on the east side of ocean-basins and in the middle of vast land areas  $\rightarrow$  due to lack of key input variables (e.g. soil moisture and SSTs)?

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ERC grant no. 948309